

Next Generation LearnLib (NGLL)

Bernhard Steffen, **Falk Howar, Maik Merten**, Oliver Bauer
TU Dortmund

SFM2011

Overview

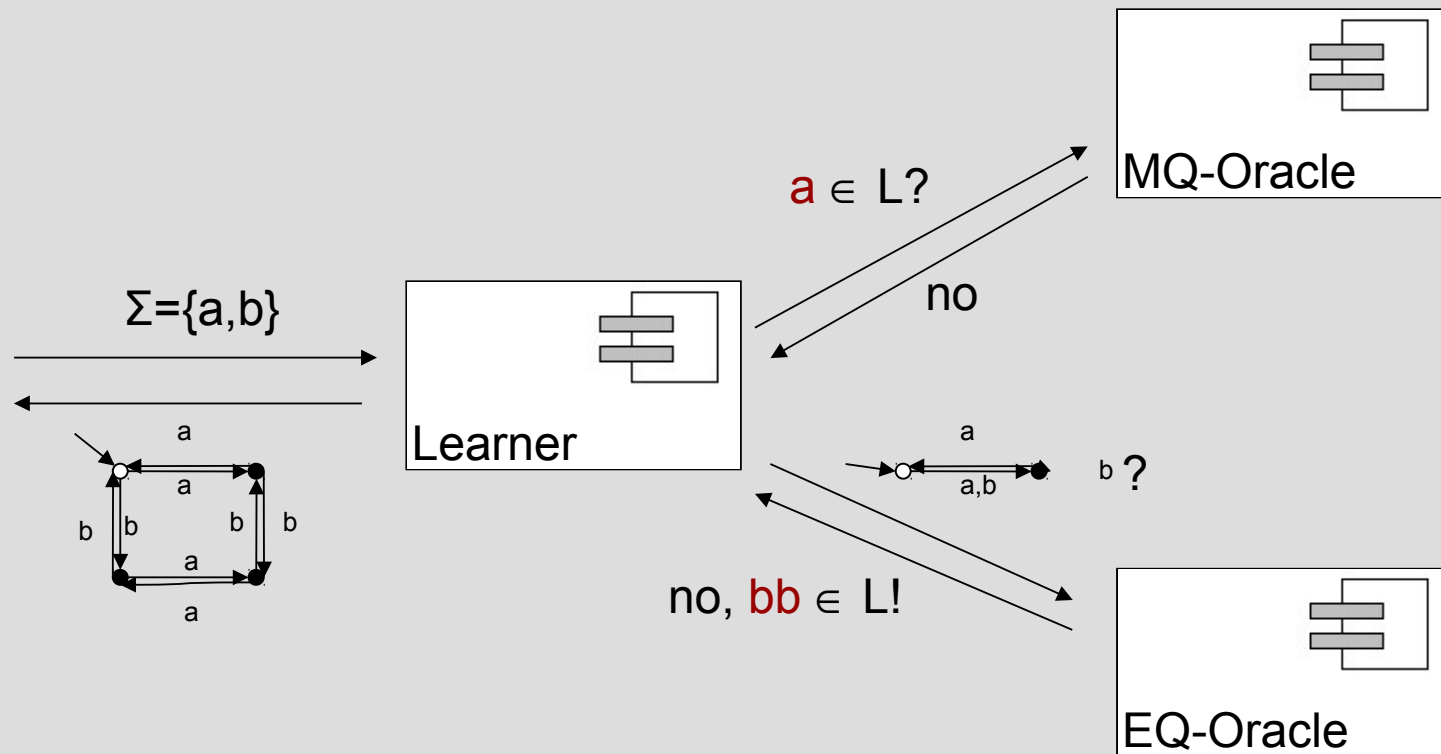
- **Practical aspects** in active automata learning
- LearnLib: mature library for **active automata learning**
- NGLL: framework, providing **infrastructure** for practical application
- Tool-demo: **Modeling** learning setups with LearnLib & LearnLib Studio



<http://connect-forever.eu/>



Active automata learning



Practical challenges

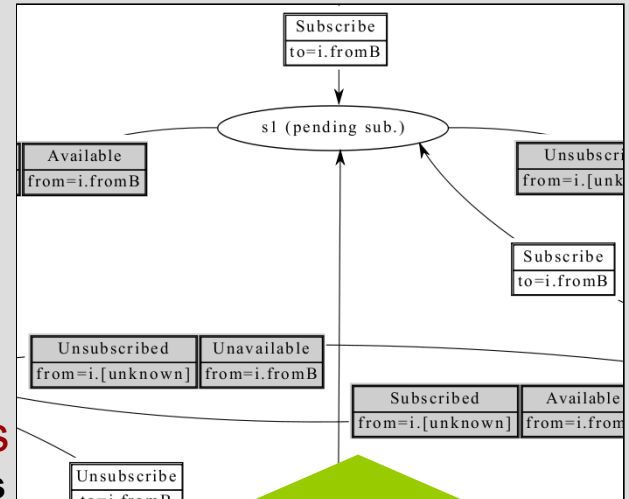
```
<xs:complexType name="Login">
  <xs:sequence>
    <xs:element minOccurs="0" name="<\/xs:sequence>
  <\/xs:complexType>
  <xs:complexType name="BeginTransac
    <xs:sequence>
      <xs:element minOccurs="0" name="
      <xs:element minOccurs="0" name="
      <xs:element minOccurs="0" name="
```

Interface description

etc.

interfacing real systems:

- alphabet generation
- abstraction
- data



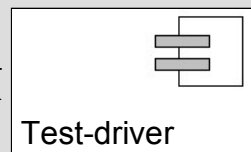
equivalence queries
Behavioral models



reset

<presence type=... /\>

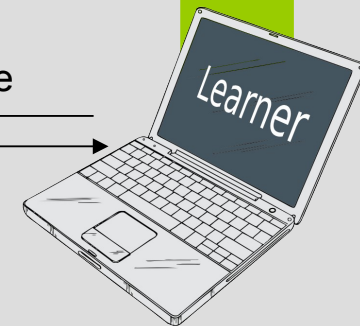
<iq type= "result" /\>



Test-driver

Available

OK



membership queries



<http://connect-forever.eu/>



NGLL: Structure & components

Algorithms (LearnLib)

- Learning algorithms
- Counterexample analysis
- Equivalence query realizations

Core/Utils (LearnLib)

- (Small) automata library
- Statistics
- Logging
- Import/export (dot, ppt, xml etc.)
- Simulation environments

Case studies (NGLL)

- Test-driver tools
- Data mappers
- Abstraction

LearnLib Studio (NGLL)

- Visual composition of learning experiments



<http://connect-forever.eu/>



LearnLib: Algorithms

■ Learning algorithms

- Angluin's L^*
- Rivest and Schapire's "Reduced Observation Table"
- Non-uniform observation table
- DHC

■ Handling Counterexamples

- Maler and Pnueli
- Shahabaz and Groz
- Rivest and Schapire

■ Equivalence queries

- Chow's "W-Method"
- Random walks
- Hopcroft and Karp
- Evolving hypothesis

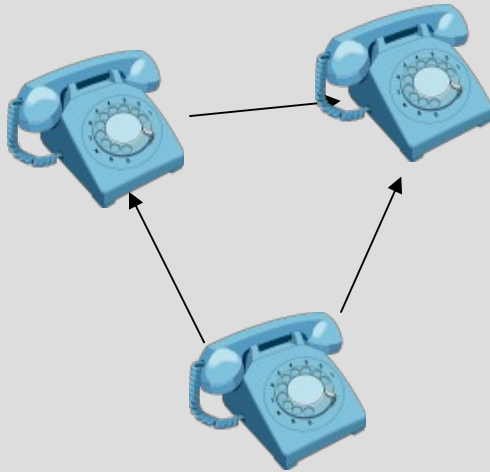
**All algorithms work for DFA
+ Mealy machines**



<http://connect-forever.eu/>



LearnLib: Enhancements



- **POTS with 3 parties (CADP)**
- 39.979 states
- > 2 million transitions
- > 270 equivalence queries

Old c++ LearnLib (2009)

- 3 hours
- 7GB memory
- > 690 million MQ

Java NGLL (today)

- 20 minutes (-90%)
- 2,3GB memory (-60%)
- ca. 593 million MQ (-15%)

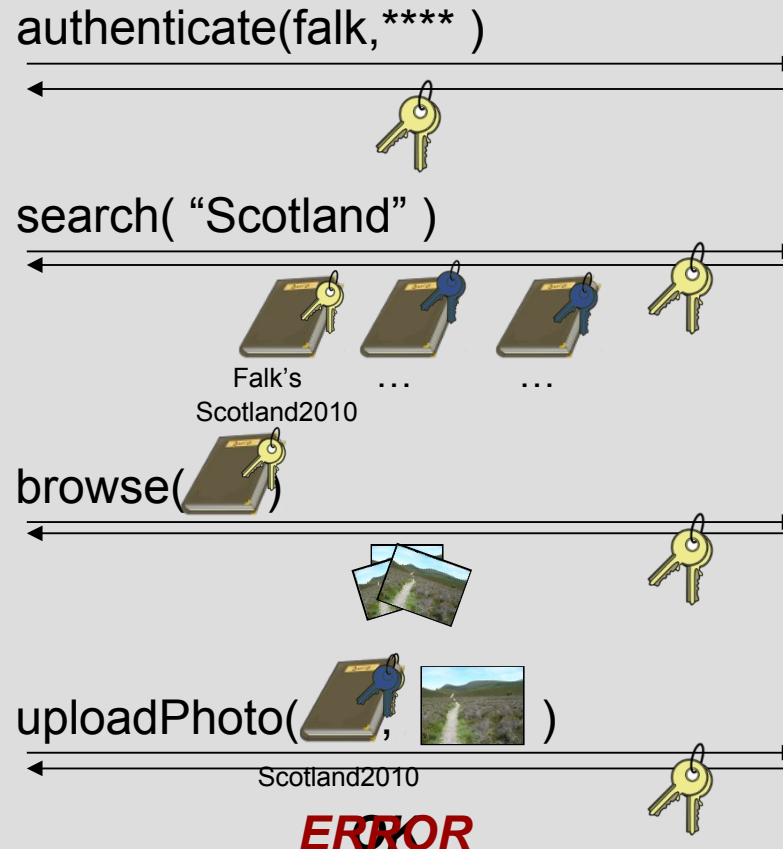


<http://connect-forever.eu/>



NGLL: Test-drivers (example)

A photo service



register(...
createAlbum(...
getAlbum(...



<http://connect-forever.eu/>



Beyond plain DFA / Mealy machines

PhotoService Client

session	ssid-123
albums	[,Fa...',
...	

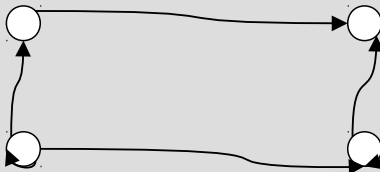
search(,Scotland')

[Falk's ...', ,Rebus's Scot...'

PhotoService

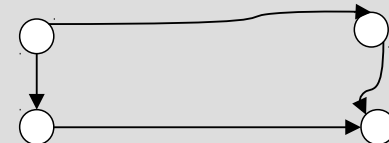
session	ssid-123
albums	[,Fa...',
...	

albums = search(si, query)

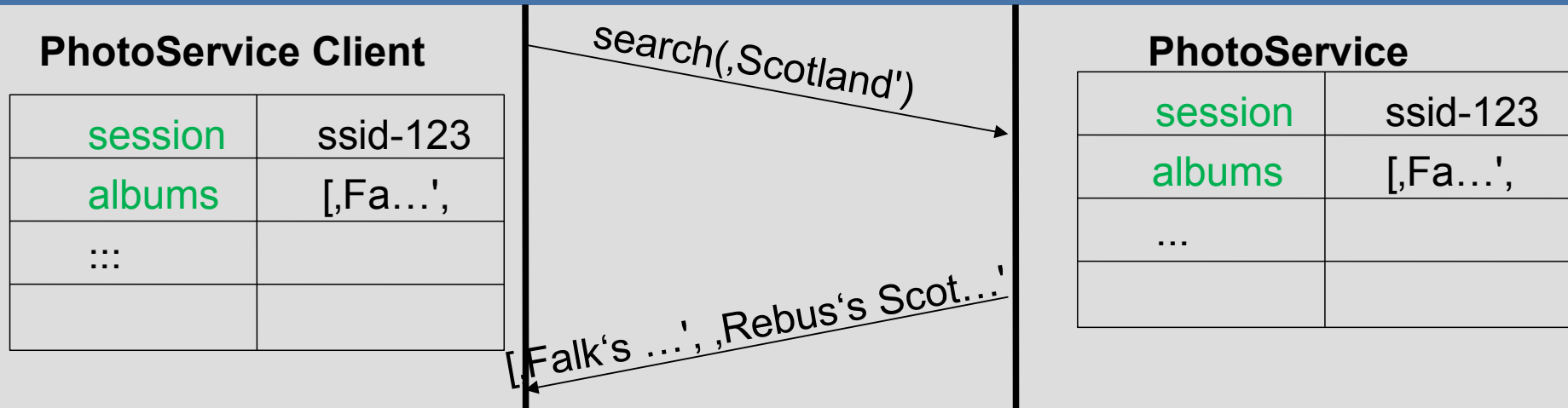


```

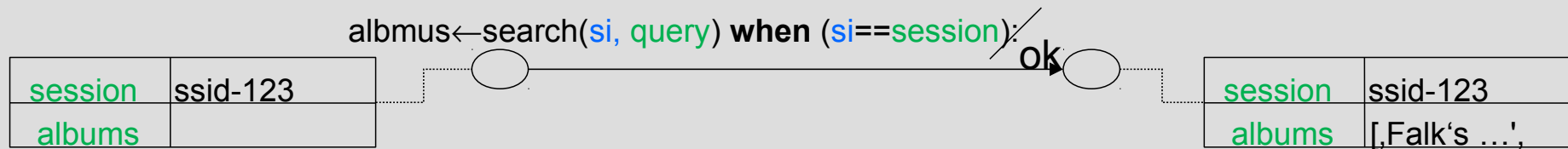
search(si):
  if (si == session)
    return matchingAlbums(query);
    
```



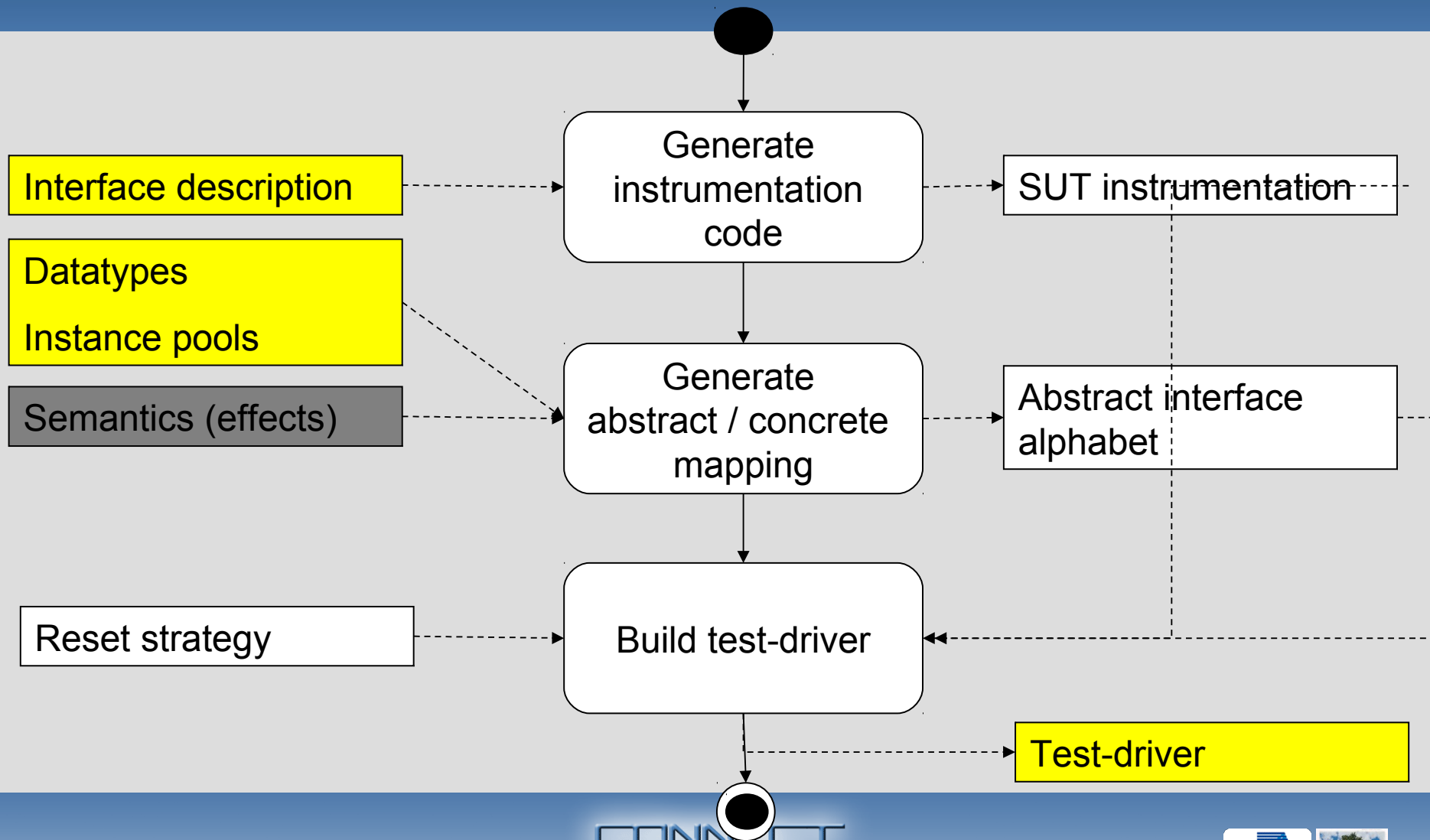
Beyond plain DFA / Mealy machines



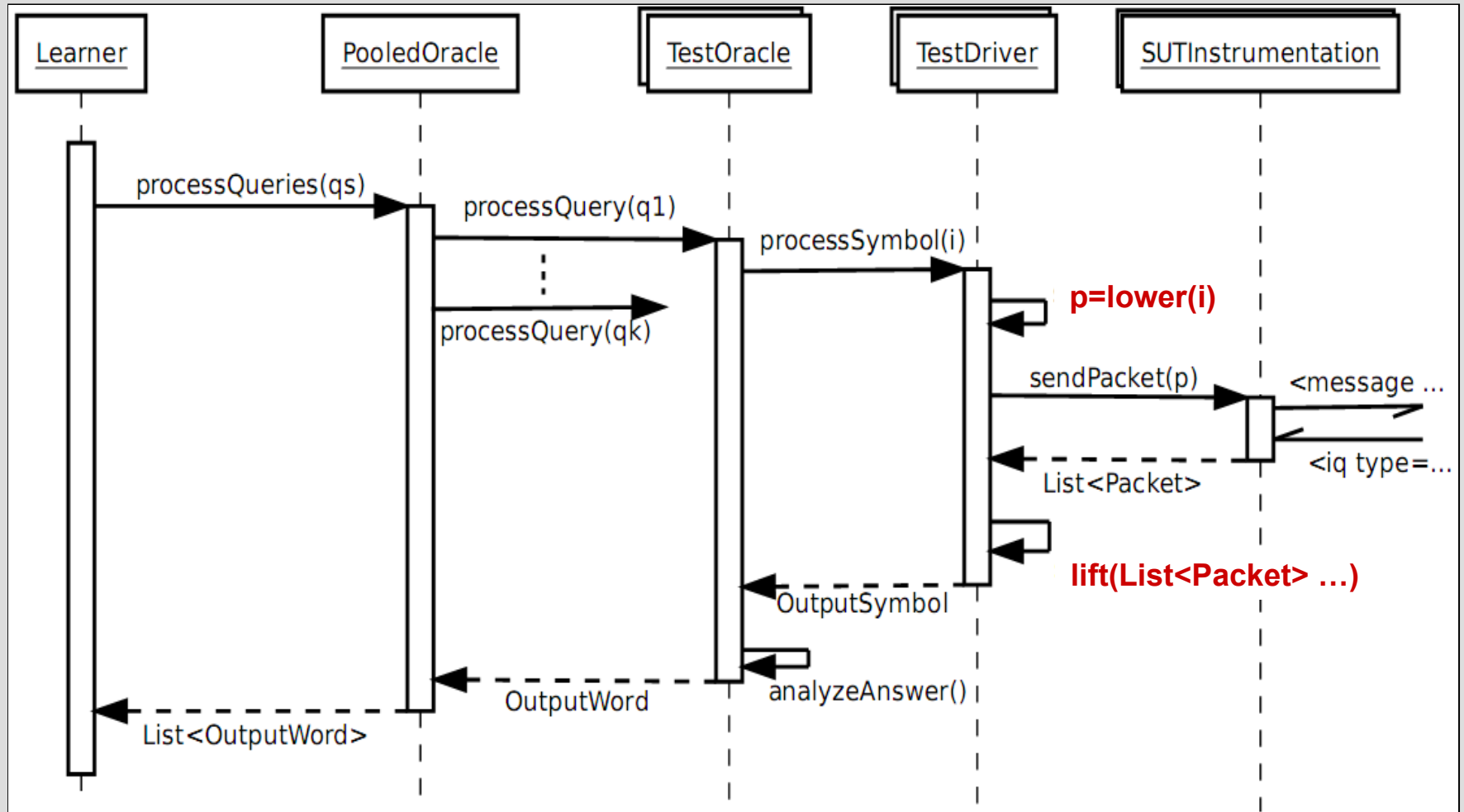
Symbolic Mealy machines with registers:



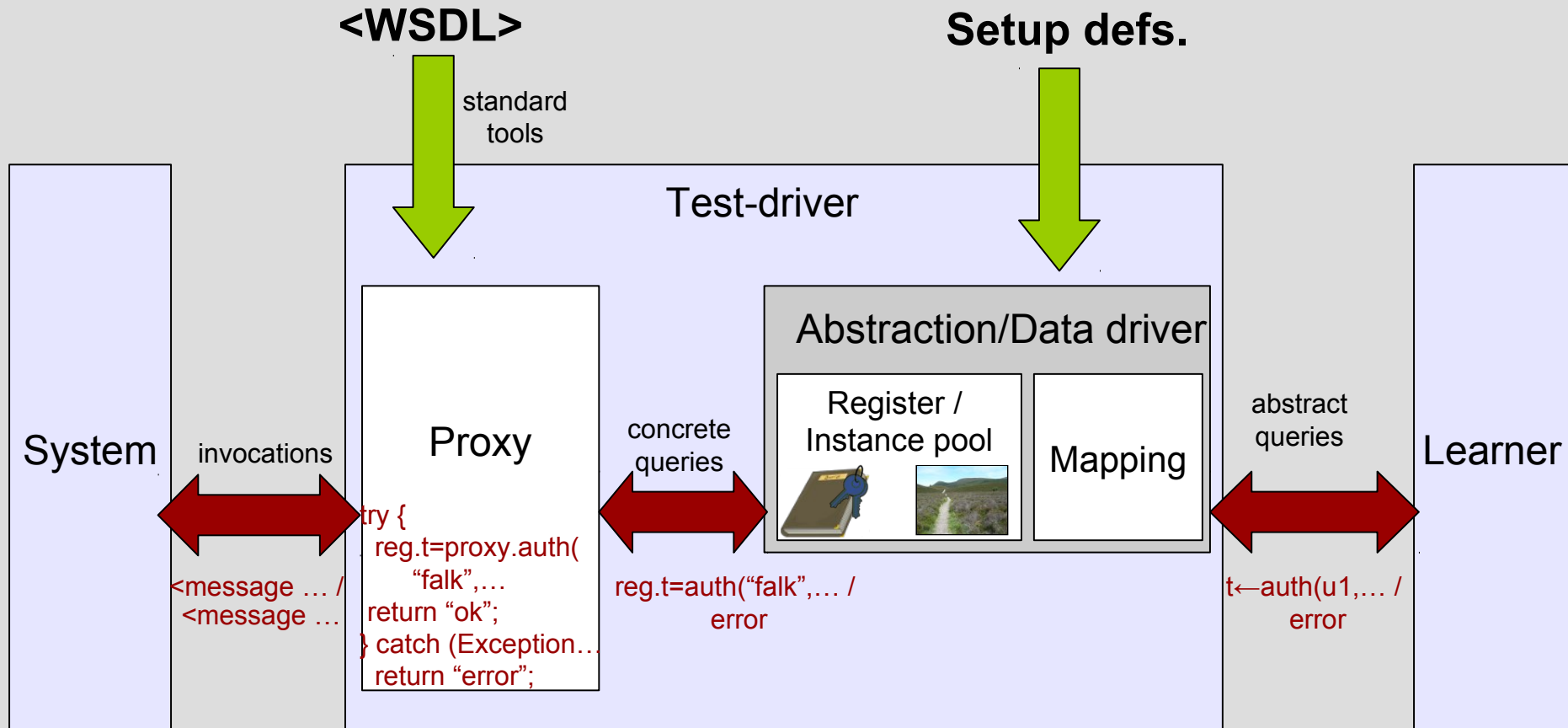
Building test-drivers



Test execution



Generating test-drivers from WSDLs



Summary

- **LearnLib:** mature library for active automata learning
- **NGLL:** Infrastructure to learn real systems
- **LearnLib Studio:** visual composition / debugging of learning experiments
- www.learnlib.de



<http://connect-forever.eu/>



Hands on ...

Tool demo



<http://connect-forever.eu/>



Example: SendAGift24.com

Post-mortem analysis of a legacy
service



<http://connect-forever.eu/>



Scenario

```
/**
 * This is the interface to SendAGift24.com
 *
 * SendAGift24 is a multi-billion .com that is specialized in providing
 * a service where people can shop gifts for friends.
 *
 *
 * Sadly all system backups disappeared into the cloud, so the service
 * source code was retrieved by decompiling obfuscated binaries. I wonder if
 * there is a technology to find out how this service works.
 *
 * The CEO of the company told me that "user" and "password" are fitting
 * credentials, so at least security is up to modern standards.
 */
public interface Service {

    public long a(String a, String b) throws Exception;

    public String[] b(long l) throws Exception;

    public Object[] c(long l) throws Exception;

    public boolean d(long l, String s, Object o) throws Exception;

}
```

Test-driver design

- Handle data-dependencies
 - instance-pool for, e.g., credentials
 - store invocation results of previous invocations for inter-method dependencies
 - fill in parameters from data store
- Translate learning symbols into concrete invocations
- Lift concrete system output, lower abstract parameters
- Ensure every query is executed on initial state

Implementation

- `sendagift.learner.ServiceAlphabet`
 - alphabet of abstract symbols
 - can be used with AddAlphabetByClassName SIB
- `sendagift.learner.ServiceDriver`
 - application-specific test-driver
- `sendagift.learner.ServiceOracle`
 - glue between learner and test-driver
 - can be used with QueryOracleByClassName SIB

Learned result

- $a == \text{openSession}$
- $b == \text{getFriends}$
- $c == \text{getGifts}$
- $d == \text{sendGift}$
- gift and friend have to be known before sendGift can be invoked
- friend and gift bound to session

