# Process equivalences for Multiparty interactions

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based on (an ongoing) joint work with Marzia Buscemi and Rocco de Nicola

# Theory of contracts

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$$p ::= \mathbf{0} \mid \mu.p \mid \sum_{i \in I} p_i \mid \bigoplus_{i \in I} p_i \mid A$$

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Happiness means graceful termination

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In what follows we will consider happy clients

#### Subcontract

- Compliance induces a subcontract relation
   (<):</li>
  - if p < p'. A client happy with p is equally happy with p'.

#### Subcontract

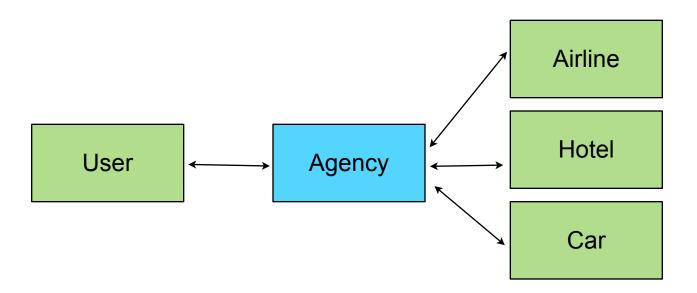
- Compliance induces a subcontract relation
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  - if p < p'. A client happy with p is equally happy with p'.
- Ensures safe replacement
- It can be used for service discovery

# Compliance & Subcontract

Focus on two-party interaction

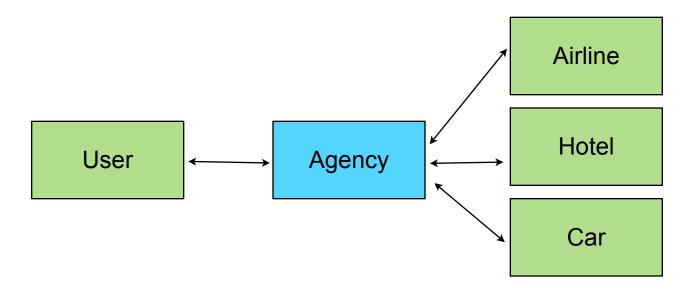
## Compliance & Subcontract

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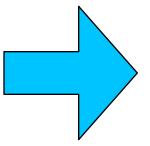
Two-party compliance induces a subcontract notion that may be to fine-grained in some multiparty context

# Controllability in OWNs

 A service is controllable if it has a compatible client

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- A service is controllable if it has a compatible client
  - Centralized
  - Decentralized
  - Local



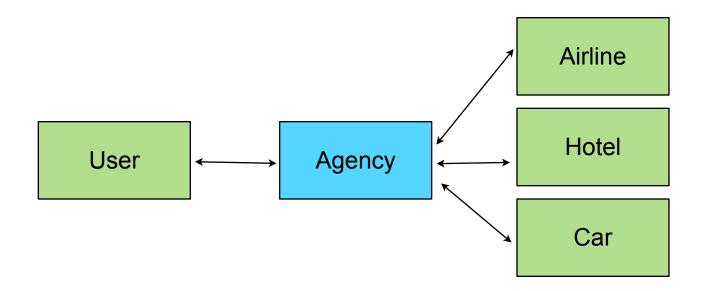
Characterizes the degree of coordination in the clients

#### Decentralized client

- A set of partners that
  - communicate with the server
  - but do not communicate with each other

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Contracts [BH13]

$$p ::= \mathbf{1} \mid \mu.p \mid \sum_{i \in I} p_i \mid A$$
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$$\frac{1 \xrightarrow{\checkmark} \mathbf{0}}{p \xrightarrow{\mu} p'} \qquad \frac{q \xrightarrow{\mu} q'}{p + q \xrightarrow{\mu} p'} \qquad \frac{p \xrightarrow{\mu} p'}{p + q \xrightarrow{\mu} p'} \qquad \frac{p \xrightarrow{\mu} p'}{A \xrightarrow{\mu} p'} \qquad A \stackrel{def}{=} p$$

Service composition

$$\frac{c \xrightarrow{\mu} c'}{c \parallel d \xrightarrow{\mu} c \parallel d} \qquad \frac{c \xrightarrow{\mu} c'}{c \parallel d \xrightarrow{\mu} c \parallel d'}$$

$$\frac{c \xrightarrow{\alpha} c'}{c \parallel d \xrightarrow{\tau} c'} \qquad \frac{c \xrightarrow{\alpha} c'}{c \parallel d \xrightarrow{\tau} c'} \qquad \frac{c \xrightarrow{\omega} c'}{c \parallel d \xrightarrow{\tau} c'} \qquad \frac{c \xrightarrow{\omega} c'}{c \parallel d \xrightarrow{\tau} c'}$$

Maximal computation

$$p_0 \parallel c_0 \xrightarrow{\tau} \dots \xrightarrow{\tau} p_k \parallel c_k \xrightarrow{\tau} \dots$$

• p must c iff for any maximal computation of  $p \parallel c$ ,  $\exists k. \ c_k \xrightarrow{\checkmark}$ 

Maximal computation

$$p_0 \parallel c_0 \xrightarrow{\tau} \dots \xrightarrow{\tau} p_k \parallel c_k \xrightarrow{\tau} \dots$$

- p must c iff for any maximal computation of  $p \parallel c$ ,  $\exists k. \ c_k \xrightarrow{\checkmark}$
- $p \sqsubseteq_{\mathbf{must}} q$  iff p must c implies q must c

- Let  $\mathbb{I}=\{I_i\}_{i\in 0...n}$  be a partition of names
- $c=p_0\parallel\ldots\parallel p_n$  is a decentralized test over  $\mathbb{I}$  when  $n(p_i)\subseteq I_i$

- Let  $\mathbb{I}=\{I_i\}_{i\in 0...n}$  be a partition of names
- $c=p_0\parallel\ldots\parallel p_n$  is a decentralized test over  $\mathbb I$  when  $n(p_i)\subseteq I_i$
- $p \sqsubseteq_{\mathbf{dmust}_{\mathbb{I}}} q$  when considering only decentralized tests over  $\mathbb{I}$

•  $a.b + a + b \sqsubseteq_{\mathbf{dmust}_{\{\{a\},\{b\}\}}} b.a + a + b$ 

•  $a.b + a + b \sqsubseteq_{\mathbf{dmust}_{\{\{a\},\{b\}\}}} b.a + a + b$ 

•  $a.b \not\sqsubseteq_{\mathbf{dmust}_{\{\{a\},\{b\}\}}} b.a$ 

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$$\overline{a}$$
.1 || 1

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 $\overline{a}$ .1 || 1

Priori knowledge of partners (design-time coordination)

# Local testing

•  $a.\overline{c} + b.\overline{d} \not\approx_{\mathbf{dmust}_{\{\{a,b\},\{c,d\}\}}} a.\overline{d} + b.\overline{c}$   $c_1 = \overline{a}.\mathbf{1} \parallel c.\mathbf{1}$   $c_2 = \overline{a}.\mathbf{1} \parallel d.\mathbf{1}$ 

# Local testing

• 
$$a.\overline{c} + b.\overline{d} \not\approx_{\mathbf{dmust}_{\{a,b\},\{c,d\}\}}} a.\overline{d} + b.\overline{c}$$

$$c_1 = \overline{a}.\mathbf{1} \parallel c.\mathbf{1}$$

$$c_2 = \overline{a}.\mathbf{1} \parallel d.\mathbf{1}$$

 When having only partial view both look the same

$$a+b$$
  $\overline{c}\oplus \overline{d}$ 

# Hiding

$$\frac{p \xrightarrow{\alpha} p' \quad \alpha \in V}{p/V \xrightarrow{\alpha} p'/V}$$

$$\frac{p \xrightarrow{\alpha} p' \quad \alpha \not\in V}{p/V \xrightarrow{\tau} p'/V}$$

# Local testing

•  $p \sqsubseteq_{\mathbf{Imust}_{\mathbb{I}}} q$  iff  $p/I_i$   $\mathbf{must}\ c$  implies  $q/I_i$   $\mathbf{must}\ c$  (for all  $I_i \in \mathbb{I}$  and c)

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- $a.b \approx_{\mathbf{lmust}_{\{\{a\},\{b\},\}}} b.a$
- $a.c + b.d \approx_{\mathbf{lmust}_{\{\{a,b\},\{c,d\},\}}} a.d + b.c$

#### Characterization of must

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 $lack p \sqsubseteq_{\mathbf{must}} q \text{ iff, for all } s \text{ , if } p \Downarrow s \text{ then }$ 

 $q \Downarrow s$ 

•  $\forall B \in \mathbf{Acc}(q,s), \exists A \in \mathbf{Acc}(p,s) \text{ s.t. } A \subseteq B$ 

• if  $q \stackrel{s}{\Longrightarrow}$  then  $p \stackrel{s}{\Longrightarrow}$ 

#### Mazurkiewicz traces

• Least congruence  $\equiv_D$  s.t.

$$(a,b) \in I_D \implies ab \equiv_D ba$$

ullet  $[t]_D$  denotes the equivalence class of t

#### Characterization of dmust

 $lack p \sqsubseteq_{\mathbf{dmust}_{\mathbb{I}}} q$  iff, for all s, if  $p \Downarrow [s]_D$  then

•  $q \Downarrow [s]_D$ 

- $\forall B \in \mathbf{Acc}(q, [s]_D), \exists A \in \mathbf{Acc}(p, [s]_D)$ s.t.  $A \subseteq B$
- if  $q \stackrel{[s]_D}{\Longrightarrow}$  then  $p \stackrel{[s]_D}{\Longrightarrow}$

# Noisy traces

•  $s\in I_i$  ,  $t\in \mathsf{Act}^*$ . Then  $s\equiv_{I_i} t$  when  $ss'\equiv_{\{I_i,\mathsf{Act}\setminus I_i\}} t$  for some  $s'\in (\mathsf{Act}\setminus I_i)^*$ 

 $ullet \ [[s]]_{I_i}$  the set of all noisy traces of s

#### Characterization of Imust

- $p \sqsubseteq_{\mathbf{lmust}_{\mathbb{I}}} q$  iff, for all  $I \in \mathbb{I}, s \in I*$  if  $p \Downarrow [[s]]_I$  then
  - $q \Downarrow [[s]]_I$

- $\forall B \in \mathbf{Acc}(q, [[s]]_I), \exists A \in \mathbf{Acc}(p, [[s]]_I)$ s.t.  $A \subseteq B$
- if  $q \stackrel{[[s]]_I}{\Longrightarrow}$  then  $p \stackrel{[[s]]_I}{\Longrightarrow}$

# Things we would like to explore

- Equational characterizations (Algorithm deduction)
- Coinductive characterizations
- Interplay with client and p2p preorders
- Expressing different kinds of coordination power of the context
  - Can we use choreography descriptions to collect such information?
- Relationship with sub-typing in MST